



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS, SWF DISTRICT
819 TAYLOR STREET, ROOM 3A37
FORT WORTH, TEXAS 76102

CESWF-RDE

25 JULY 2024

MEMORANDUM FOR RECORD

SUBJECT: US Army Corps of Engineers (Corps) Pre-2015 Regulatory Regime
Approved Jurisdictional Determination in Light of *Sackett v. EPA*, 143 S. Ct. 1322
(2023),¹ SWF-2024-00342.

BACKGROUND. An Approved Jurisdictional Determination (AJD) is a Corps document stating the presence or absence of waters of the United States on a parcel or a written statement and map identifying the limits of waters of the United States on a parcel. AJDs are clearly designated appealable actions and will include a basis of JD with the document.² AJDs are case-specific and are typically made in response to a request. AJDs are valid for a period of five years unless new information warrants revision of the determination before the expiration date or a District Engineer has identified, after public notice and comment, that specific geographic areas with rapidly changing environmental conditions merit re-verification on a more frequent basis.³ For the purposes of this AJD, we have relied on section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act of 1899 (RHA),⁴ the Clean Water Act (CWA) implementing regulations published by the Department of the Army in 1986 and amended in 1993 (references 2.a. and 2.b. respectively), the 2008 *Rapanos-Carabell* guidance (reference 2.c.), and other applicable guidance, relevant case law and longstanding practice, (collectively the pre-2015 regulatory regime), and the *Sackett* decision (reference 2.d.) in evaluating jurisdiction.

This Memorandum for Record (MFR) constitutes the basis of jurisdiction for a Corps AJD as defined in 33 CFR §331.2. The features addressed in this AJD were evaluated consistent with the definition of "waters of the United States" found in the pre-2015 regulatory regime and consistent with the Supreme Court's decision in *Sackett*. This AJD did not rely on the 2023 "Revised Definition of 'Waters of the United States,'" as amended on 8 September 2023 (Amended 2023 Rule) because, as of the date of this decision, the Amended 2023 Rule is not applicable in Texas due to litigation.

¹ While the Supreme Court's decision in *Sackett* had no effect on some categories of waters covered under the CWA, and no effect on any waters covered under RHA, all categories are included in this Memorandum for Record for efficiency.

² 33 CFR 331.2.

³ Regulatory Guidance Letter 05-02.

⁴ USACE has authority under both Section 9 and Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act of 1899 but for convenience, in this MFR, jurisdiction under RHA will be referred to as Section 10.

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1. SUMMARY OF CONCLUSIONS.

- a. Provide a list of each individual feature within the review area and the jurisdictional status of each one (i.e., identify whether each feature is/is not a water of the United States and/or a navigable water of the United States).

Id	Feature Type	Coordinates	Type 2	Jurisdiction	Authority
LFC	Perennial Stream	32.795819, -97.267565	RPW, not a TNW	WOUS	404

2. REFERENCES.

- b. Final Rule for Regulatory Programs of the Corps of Engineers, 51 FR 41206 (November 13, 1986).
 - c. Clean Water Act Regulatory Programs, 58 FR 45008 (August 25, 1993).
 - d. U.S. EPA & U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Clean Water Act Jurisdiction Following the U.S. Supreme Court's Decision in *Rapanos v. United States & Carabell v. United States* (December 2, 2008)
 - e. *Sackett v. EPA*, 598 U.S. __, 143 S. Ct. 1322 (2023)
3. REVIEW AREA. This site is located at 5304 E. Belknap Street, Haltom City, Tarrant County, TX 76117 and is adjacent to the Birdville ISD Warehouse. Adjacent roads to the warehouse site include Midway Road, Harrow Lane and East Belknap Street. Significant bank erosion has and is occurring on the south bank and is now approximately 9 ft from the corner of the warehouse. Temporary stabilization measures will be taken on approximately 100 LF of creek bank. The south bank is on an inward bend of Little Fossil Creek, which is a perennial RPW. Refer to attachments for more information.
4. NEAREST TRADITIONAL NAVIGABLE WATER (TNW), INTERSTATE WATER, OR THE TERRITORIAL SEAS TO WHICH THE AQUATIC RESOURCE IS CONNECTED. The West Fork Trinity River and the downstream Trinity River are TNW waters.
5. FLOWPATH FROM THE SUBJECT AQUATIC RESOURCES TO A TNW, INTERSTATE WATER, OR THE TERRITORIAL SEAS Little Fossil Creek flows into the West Fork Trinity River, which flows into the Trinity River.

6. SECTION 10 JURISDICTIONAL WATERS⁵: Describe aquatic resources or other features within the review area determined to be jurisdictional in accordance with Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act of 1899. Include the size of each aquatic resource or other feature within the review area and how it was determined to be jurisdictional in accordance with Section 10.⁶

Not applicable.

7. SECTION 404 JURISDICTIONAL WATERS: Describe the aquatic resources within the review area that were found to meet the definition of waters of the United States in accordance with the pre-2015 regulatory regime and consistent with the Supreme Court's decision in *Sackett*. List each aquatic resource separately, by name, consistent with the naming convention used in section 1, above. Include a rationale for each aquatic resource, supporting that the aquatic resource meets the relevant category of "waters of the United States" in the pre-2015 regulatory regime. The rationale should also include a written description of, or reference to a map in the administrative record that shows, the lateral limits of jurisdiction for each aquatic resource, including how that limit was determined, and incorporate relevant references used. Include the size of each aquatic resource in acres or linear feet and attach and reference related figures as needed.
- a. TNWs (a)(1): Not applicable.
 - b. Interstate Waters (a)(2): Not applicable.
 - c. Other Waters (a)(3): Not applicable.
 - d. Impoundments (a)(4): Not applicable.
 - e. Tributaries (a)(5): The Little Fossil Creek is an incised, perennial stream that has water year-round. This portion of the creek is within 2.95 river miles from its confluence to the West Fork Trinity River. The stream's watershed is highly urbanized and is east of the City of Fort Worth, south of Highway 377 and north

⁵ 33 CFR 329.9(a) A waterbody which was navigable in its natural or improved state, or which was susceptible of reasonable improvement (as discussed in § 329.8(b) of this part) retains its character as "navigable in law" even though it is not presently used for commerce or is presently incapable of such use because of changed conditions or the presence of obstructions.

⁶ This MFR is not to be used to make a report of findings to support a determination that the water is a navigable water of the United States. The district must follow the procedures outlined in 33 CFR part 329.14 to make a determination that water is a navigable water of the United States subject to Section 10 of the RHA.

of Highway 121. The site is in FEMA FIRM's 100-year floodplain, Zone AE. USGS topographic, NWI and FEMA maps show this resource as a solid blue line feature.

Id	Feature Type	Coordinates	Area (AC)	Length (LF)
LFC	Perennial Stream	32.795819, -97.267565	Less than 0.10	100

f. The territorial seas (a)(6): Not applicable.

g. Adjacent wetlands (a)(7): Not applicable.

8. NON-JURISDICTIONAL AQUATIC RESOURCES AND FEATURES

- a. Describe aquatic resources and other features within the review area identified as "generally non-jurisdictional" in the preamble to the 1986 regulations (referred to as "preamble waters").⁷ Include size of the aquatic resource or feature within the review area and describe how it was determined to be non-jurisdictional under the CWA as a preamble water.

Not applicable.

- b. Describe aquatic resources and features within the review area identified as "generally not jurisdictional" in the *Rapanos* guidance. Include size of the aquatic resource or feature within the review area and describe how it was determined to be non-jurisdictional under the CWA based on the criteria listed in the guidance.

Not applicable.

- c. Describe aquatic resources and features identified within the review area as waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons designed to meet the requirements of CWA. Include the size of the waste treatment system within the review area and describe how it was determined to be a waste treatment system.

Not applicable.

⁷ 51 FR 41217, November 13, 1986.

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- d. Describe aquatic resources and features within the review area determined to be prior converted cropland in accordance with the 1993 regulations (reference 2.b.). Include the size of the aquatic resource or feature within the review area and describe how it was determined to be prior converted cropland.

Not applicable.

- e. Describe aquatic resources (i.e. lakes and ponds) within the review area, which do not have a nexus to interstate or foreign commerce, and prior to the January 2001 Supreme Court decision in “*SWANCC*,” would have been jurisdictional based solely on the “Migratory Bird Rule.” Include the size of the aquatic resource or feature, and how it was determined to be an “isolated water” in accordance with *SWANCC*.

Not applicable.

- f. Describe aquatic resources and features within the review area that were determined to be non-jurisdictional because they do not meet one or more categories of waters of the United States under the pre-2015 regulatory regime consistent with the Supreme Court’s decision in *Sackett* (e.g., tributaries that are non-relatively permanent waters; non-tidal wetlands that do not have a continuous surface connection to a jurisdictional water).

Not applicable.

- 9. DATA SOURCES. List sources of data/information used in making determination. Include titles and dates of sources used and ensure that information referenced is available in the administrative record.

- a. USACE office evaluations were performed on July 10 and July 24, 2024.
- b. Google Earth data layers and aerial photos, including USGS topography and TNW layer, 408 layer (not within a 408-project area.)
- c. USACE SWD Map Viewer aerial and data layers for NWI, FEMA FIRM and USGS 7.5 min quad topography were reviewed.

- 10. OTHER SUPPORTING INFORMATION. Photos supplied by the applicant, which are available in the project files.

- 11. NOTE: The structure and format of this MFR were developed in coordination with the EPA and Department of the Army. The MFR’s structure and format may be

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subject to future modification or may be rescinded as needed to implement additional guidance from the agencies; however, the approved jurisdictional determination described herein is a final agency action.



U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

National Wetlands Inventory

Little Fossil Creek - Haltom City, Texas



June 5, 2024

Wetlands

- Estuarine and Marine Deepwater
- Estuarine and Marine Wetland
- Freshwater Emergent Wetland
- Freshwater Forested/Shrub Wetland
- Freshwater Pond
- Lake
- Other
- Riverine

This map is for general reference only. The U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service is not responsible for the accuracy or currentness of the base data shown on this map. All wetlands related data should be used in accordance with the layer metadata found on the Wetlands Mapper web site.

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, National Standards and Support Team,
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SEVERE
EROSION ON
WEST
CREEKBANK
(NORTH OF
WAREHOUSE)

SITE PHOTO 2



REAR FIRE EXIT
FROM
WAREHOUSE


ENTIRE AREA IS
DESTABILIZED
DUE TO
CREEKBANK
EROSION - EXIST
STAIRS HAVE
DROPPED DOWN
1" +/-

BIRDVILLE ISD
WAREHOUSE

LOOKING SOUTH
TOWARDS
MIDWAY ROAD

SITE PHOTO 1





CREEKBANK HAS
ERODED TO 9'-10'
FROM CORNER
OF THE
WAREHOUSE



CONCRETE
RIPRAP WAS
TORN OFF AND
DEPOSITED IN
THIS AREA - JUST
EAST OF THE
WAREHOUSE